## Section 2.4

1 Find digits $a, b$, and $c$ (between 0 and 4) such that $(a b c)_{5}=(c b a)_{8}$, or prove that there are none.

Solution $(a b c)_{5}=25 a+5 b+c$ and $(c b a)_{8}=64 c+8 b+a$. If $(a b c)_{5}=(c b a)_{8}$, then $25 a+5 b+c=$ $64 c+8 b+a$, or $24 a-3 b-63 c=0$. This simplifies to $8 a-b-21 c=0$. The only solution (easily seen by trial and error) is $a=b=3$ and $c=1$. Hence $(331)_{5}=(133)_{8}=91$.

