

Homework 1 Cheat Sheet

Friday, April 6th, 2007

Truth Tables												
Logic Operators								Bit Operations				
p	q	$\neg q$	$p \wedge q$	$p \vee q$	$p \oplus q$	$p \rightarrow q$	$p \leftrightarrow q$	x	y	$x \wedge y$	$x \vee y$	$x \oplus y$
T	T	F	T	T	F	T	T	1	1	1	1	0
T	F	T	F	T	T	F	F	1	0	0	1	1
F	T	-	F	T	T	T	F	0	1	0	1	1
F	F	-	F	F	F	T	T	0	0	0	0	0

Simple Equivalences				
Identity:	Domination:	Idempotent:	Negation:	Implication:
$p \wedge T \Leftrightarrow p$	$p \vee T \Leftrightarrow T$	$p \vee p \Leftrightarrow p$	$\neg(\neg p) \Leftrightarrow p$	$(p \rightarrow q) \Leftrightarrow (\neg p \vee q)$
$p \vee F \Leftrightarrow p$	$p \wedge F \Leftrightarrow F$	$p \wedge p \Leftrightarrow p$	$p \vee \neg p \Leftrightarrow T$	
			$p \wedge \neg p \Leftrightarrow F$	

Equivalence Laws
Commutative: $p \vee q \Leftrightarrow q \vee p$ $p \wedge q \Leftrightarrow q \wedge p$
Associative: $(p \vee q) \vee r \Leftrightarrow p \vee (q \vee r)$ $(p \wedge q) \wedge r \Leftrightarrow p \wedge (q \wedge r)$
De Morgan's: $\neg(p \wedge q) \Leftrightarrow \neg p \vee \neg q$ $\neg(p \vee q) \Leftrightarrow \neg p \wedge \neg q$
Distributive: $p \vee (q \wedge r) \Leftrightarrow (p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$ $p \wedge (q \vee r) \Leftrightarrow (p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge r)$

- \mathbb{Z} : Integers ($\dots, -1, 0, 1, \dots$)
- \mathbb{N} : Natural Numbers ($1, 2, 3, \dots$)
- \mathbb{Q} : Rational Numbers
($\frac{p}{q}$ where $p, q \in \mathbb{Z}, q \neq 0$)
- \mathbb{R} : Real Numbers
(rational & irrational numbers)

Quantifications	
Statement: $\forall x \forall y P(x, y) \Leftrightarrow \forall y \forall x P(x, y)$ True if: $P(x, y)$ is true for every pair x, y . False if: There exists a pair x, y for which $P(x, y)$ is false.	
Statement: $\forall x \exists y P(x, y)$ True if: For every x there exists a y for which $P(x, y)$ is true. False if: There exists an x such that $P(x, y)$ is false for every y .	
Statement: $\exists x \forall y P(x, y)$ True if: There exists an x for which $P(x, y)$ is true for every y . False if: For every x , there exists a y for which $P(x, y)$ is false.	
Statement: $\exists x \exists y P(x, y) \Leftrightarrow \exists y \exists x P(x, y)$ True if: There exists a pair x, y for which $P(x, y)$ is true. False if: $P(x, y)$ is false for every pair x, y .	
Statement: $\neg \exists x P(x) \Leftrightarrow \forall x \neg P(x)$ True if: $P(x)$ is false for every x . False if: There exists an x for which $P(x)$ is true.	
Statement: $\neg \forall x P(x) \Leftrightarrow \exists x \neg P(x)$ True if: There exists an x for which $P(x)$ is false. False if: $P(x)$ is true for every x .	